COO vs CFO Comparison

	COO	CFO
Primary	Day-to-Day Operations	Financial Strategy
Focus		
Necessary	Perhaps most importantly, a Chief Operating	A good CFO candidate will demonstrate
Skillset	Officer should have a strong background in your industry. Look for candidates with a track record for creating order out of chaos.	strategic initiative and leadership in addition to technical skills. They should be able to tell you how they have helped companies grow and scale and navigate roadblocks.
	A good COO will also be a people person with leadership, communication, and problem-solving skills. And while their role is tactical, they should also be strategic and analytic.	If you plan to raise capital or acquire a company, look for someone who has done so before. And, of course, a solid CFO will have financial planning, risk management, and problem-solving skills.
Education	COOs usually earn an undergraduate degree in business (or a related field) and an MBA. Most COOs also hold operational	CFOs typically have an undergraduate degree in finance or a related field, and many also pursue a master's degree, such as an MBA.
	certifications, such as Six Sigma, PMP, or Agile.	Those who do not earn an MBA may have a CPA or CMA certification.
Average Salary	COOs at small companies make about \$170,000-\$300,000 per year after bonuses, benefits, taxes, etc. Part-time COOs are not an option, but you can hire an interim COO if necessary.	Small companies can expect to pay about \$300,000-\$400,000 annually for a full-time CFO. However, you can outsource this role for just a fraction of the cost if you don't need (or can't afford) to hire someone full-time.
Career Path	Chief Operating Officers typically start in a product or project management role, then work their way up the ranks.	Chief Financial Officers often have a corporate finance or investment banking background, but some take the traditional accounting route.

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